NSSE
national survey of student engagement

NSSE 2016 Engagement Indicators

## Academic Challenge

Middle Tennessee State University

## Academic Challenge: First-year students

Challenging intellectual and creative work is central to student learning and collegiate quality. Colleges and universities promote student learning by challenging and supporting them to engage in various forms of deep learning. Four Engagement Indicators are part of this theme: Higher-Order Learning, Reflective \& Integrative Learning, Learning Strategies, and Quantitative Reasoning. Below and on the next page are three views of your results alongside those of your comparison groups.

| Mean Comparisons | MTSU | Your first-year students compared with |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Southeast Public |  | Carnegie |  | NSSE 2015 \& 2016 |  |
|  |  |  | Effect |  | Effect |  | Effect |
| Engagement Indicator | Mean | Mean | size | Mean | size | Mean | size |
| Higher-Order Learning | 37.2 | 38.5 | -. 09 | 38.1 | -. 06 | 38.8 | -. 11 |
| Reflective \& Integrative Learning | 34.0 | 35.1 | -. 09 | 35.1 | -. 09 | 35.6 ** | -. 13 |
| Learning Strategies | 37.6 | 39.6 * | -. 14 | 39.5 * | -. 13 | 39.2 | -. 11 |
| Quantitative Reasoning | 24.7 | 28.5 *** | -. 24 | 28.7 *** | -. 25 | 28.0 *** | -. 21 |

Notes: Results weighted by institution-reported sex and enrollment status (and institution size for comparison groups); Effect size: Mean difference divided by pooled standard deviation; Symbols on the Overview page are based on effect size and $p$ before rounding; ${ }^{*} p<.05,{ }^{* *} p<.01,{ }^{* * *} p<.001$ (2-tailed).

## Score Distributions



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## Academic Challenge: First-year students (continued)

## Performance on Indicator Items

The table below displays how your students responded to each EI item, and the difference, in percentage points, between your students and those of your comparison group. Blue bars indicate how much higher your institution's percentage is from that of the comparison group. Orange bars indicate how much lower your institution's percentage is from that of the comparison group.

| Higher-Order Learning | MTSU | Percentage point difference ${ }^{\text {a }}$ between your FY students and |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Southeast | Carnegie | $\begin{gathered} \text { NSSE } 2015 \text { \& } \\ 2016 \end{gathered}$ |
|  |  | Public |  |  |
| Percentage responding "Very much" or "Quite a bit" about how much coursework emphasized... | \% |  |  |  |
| 4b. Applying facts, theories, or methods to practical problems or new situations | 67 | -5 |  | - 5 |
| 4c. Analyzing an idea, experience, or line of reasoning in depth by examining its parts | 66 | -5 |  | -6 |
| 4d. Evaluating a point of view, decision, or information source | 69 | \| -1 | \| -1 | \| -1 |
| 4e. Forming a new idea or understanding from various pieces of information | 65 | \| -2 | \| -2 | \|-3 |
| Reflective \& Integrative Learning |  |  |  |  |
| Percentage of students who responded that they "Very often" or "Often"... |  |  |  |  |
| 2a. Combined ideas from different courses when completing assignments | 50 | \| -2 | \| -1 | - 4 |
| 2b. Connected your learning to societal problems or issues | 45 | -7 | - -7 | - -8 |
| 2c. Included diverse perspectives (political, religious, racial/ethnic, gender, etc.) in course discussions or assignments | 48 | \| -2 | \| -3 | \|-3 |
| 2d. Examined the strengths and weaknesses of your own views on a topic or issue | 61 | \| -1 | \| -1 | $\mid-2$ |
| 2 e . <br> Tried to better understand someone else's views by imagining how an issue looks from his or her perspective | 70 | +2 | +2 | +2 |
| 2f. Learned something that changed the way you understand an issue or concept | 60 | - -4 | - -4 | - -6 |
| 2 g . Connected ideas from your courses to your prior experiences and knowledge | 74 | \| -1 | +1 | - -3 |
| Learning Strategies |  |  |  |  |

Percentage of students who responded that they "Very often" or "Often"...
9a. Identified key information from reading assignments

9b. Reviewed your notes after class
9c. Summarized what you learned in class or from course materials

| -3 | -2 | -4 |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| -6 | -6 | -6 | -3 |
| -5 | -4 |  |  |

Quantitative Reasoning
Percentage of students who responded that they "Very often" or "Often"...
Reached conclusions based on your own analysis of numerical information (numbers,
6 a. graphs, statistics, etc.)
Used numerical information to examine a real-world problem or issue (unemployment, climate change, public health, etc.)
6 c . Evaluated what others have concluded from numerical information

Notes: Refer to your Frequencies and Statistical Comparisons report for full distributions and significance tests. Item numbering corresponds to the survey facsimile included in your Institutional Report and available on the NSSE website.
a. Percentage point difference = Institution percentage - Comparison group percentage. Because results are rounded to whole numbers, differences of less than 1 point may or may not display a bar. Small, but nonzero differences may be represented as +0 or -0 .


[^0]:    Notes: Each box-and-whiskers chart plots the 5th (bottom of lower bar), 25 th (bottom of box), 50th (middle line), 75 th (top of box), and 95 th (top of upper bar) percentile scores. The dot represents the mean score. Refer to Detailed Statistics for your institution's sample sizes.

